

Have a timetable.

Have a focus.

Small manageable chunks.

Doing maths is the best way of learning.

How to revise maths

OCR| Foundation | GCSE Maths Advance Information 2022



	Number	Ratio	Algebra	Geometry	Probability	Statistics
Paper 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Four rules with integers Money calculations Priority of operations Inverse operations Understand number definitions and terms Prime numbers Fraction, decimals and percentages Fraction of a quantity Percentages of quantities Percentage change Reverse percentages Listing FDP in order Use of calculator Standard form notation Rounding Upper and lower bounds 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Share into a ratio Use a ratio 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simplifying algebraic expressions Factorising expressions Linear equations Solving inequalities Function machines Quadratic graphs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Polynoms (notation and terms) Properties of parallel lines Linear equations Properties of solids Column vectors Time Compound units: rates Area of a rectangle Area of a circle Area of composite shapes Volume including cylinder, pyramid and sphere 	N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Averages and range Scatter diagram and correlation Graphical misrepresentation Frequency tree
Paper 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arithmetic with positive and negative numbers Division of a quantity Prime factors Fraction, decimals and percentages Fractions of a quantity Fraction arithmetic Calculations with decimals Percentage conversions Percentage of a quantity Standard form calculations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simplify ratio Interpreting ratio Inverse proportion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiplying out brackets Formulate algebraic expressions Equations and identities Solve linear equations Solve quadratic equations Rearrange equations Equation of a straight line 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct and interpret angle bisector, line bisector and distance from a point. Transformations Money Bearings Area of a triangle Trigonometry Exact trigonometric ratios 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Relative frequency Probability of equally likely events 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bar chart and Pie chart
Paper 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Calculations with integers Calculations with decimals Prime numbers Factors, multiples and LCM Sequence rule to find a term Understand number definitions and terms Fractions, decimals and percentages Fraction of a quantity Fraction arithmetic Percentage of a quantity Percentage change Powers of integers Use of calculator 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write in a ratio Simplify a ratio Calculate with proportions Share in a ratio Direct proportion Simple interest Growth and decay problems and graphs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simplify algebraic products and quotients Multiply out brackets and simplify Factorise quadratic expressions Substitute into an expression Solve linear equation Solve simultaneous equations Continue sequence Quadratic graphs Graphs of real-world contexts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Symmetry Circle terms Properties of quadrilaterals Mass, Volume, Density Perimeters of triangles and quadrilaterals Volume and surface area: cuboid and prism 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand the probability scale Probability calculation Listing outcomes and related probabilities Tree diagram Calculation with the laws of probability 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Averages

3 papers each 90 minutes

Foundation

Paper 1 - Calculator (20/5)

Paper 2 Non calculator (7/6)

Paper 3 Calculator (13/6)

Higher

Paper 4 Calculator (20/5)

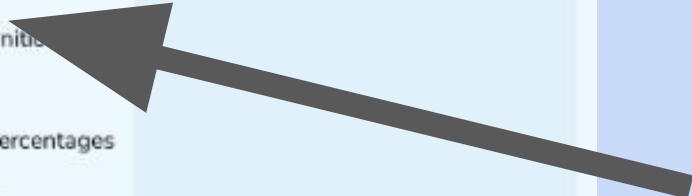
Paper 5 Non calculator (7/6)

Paper 6 Calculator (13/6)

How to revise maths

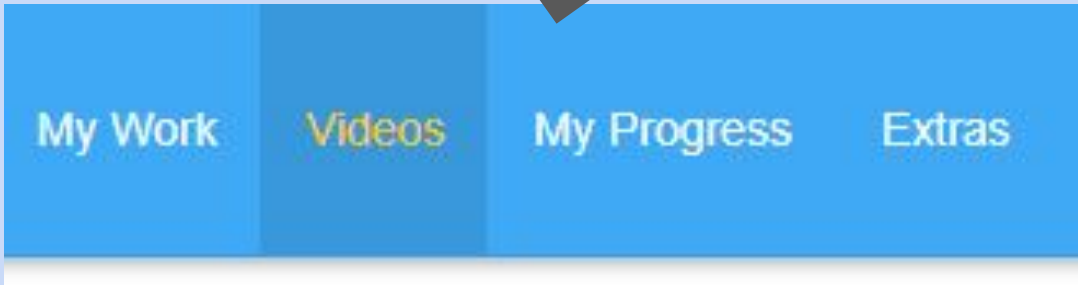
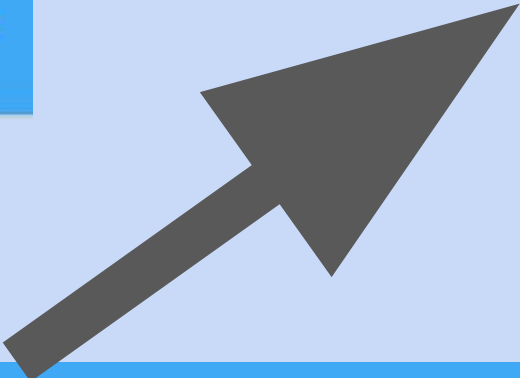
OCR | Foundation | GCSE Maths Advanc

	Number	Ratio
Paper 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Four rules with integers• Money calculations• Priority of operations• Inverse operations• Understand number definitions and terms• Prime numbers• Fraction, decimals and percentages• Fraction of a quantity• Percentages of quantities• Percentage change• Reverse percentages• Listing FDP in order• Use of calculator• Standard form notation• Rounding• Upper and lower bounds	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Share into a ratio• Use a ratio





Bold means they come up in both foundation and higher.


How to revise maths




My Work **Videos** My Progress Extras Eddie's account
Logout
270 days until renewal

Find a Clip

Qualification  

Standard 

Topic 

Search

Choose Clip (205)

Clip	Title
A1a	Coordinates - 1st Quadrant
A1b	Coordinates - All 4 Quadrants
A2	Algebraic Vocabulary
A3	Formulae Expressed in Words
A4	Algebraic Notation
A5	Horizontal and Vertical Lines
A6	Collecting Like Terms
A7a	Algebraic Simplification - Multiplication
A7b	Algebraic Simplification - Division

How to revise maths

Find a Clip

Qualification

Standard

Topic

Search

Choose Clip (205)

Clip	Title
A1a	Coordinates - 1st Quadrant
A1b	Coordinates - All 4 Quadrants
A2	Algebraic Vocabulary
A3	Formulae Expressed in Words
A4	Algebraic Notation
A5	Horizontal and Vertical Lines
A6	Collecting Like Terms
A7a	Algebraic Simplification - Multiplication
A7b	Algebraic Simplification - Division

Find a Clip

Qualification

Tier

Grade

Topic

Search

Choose Clip (8)

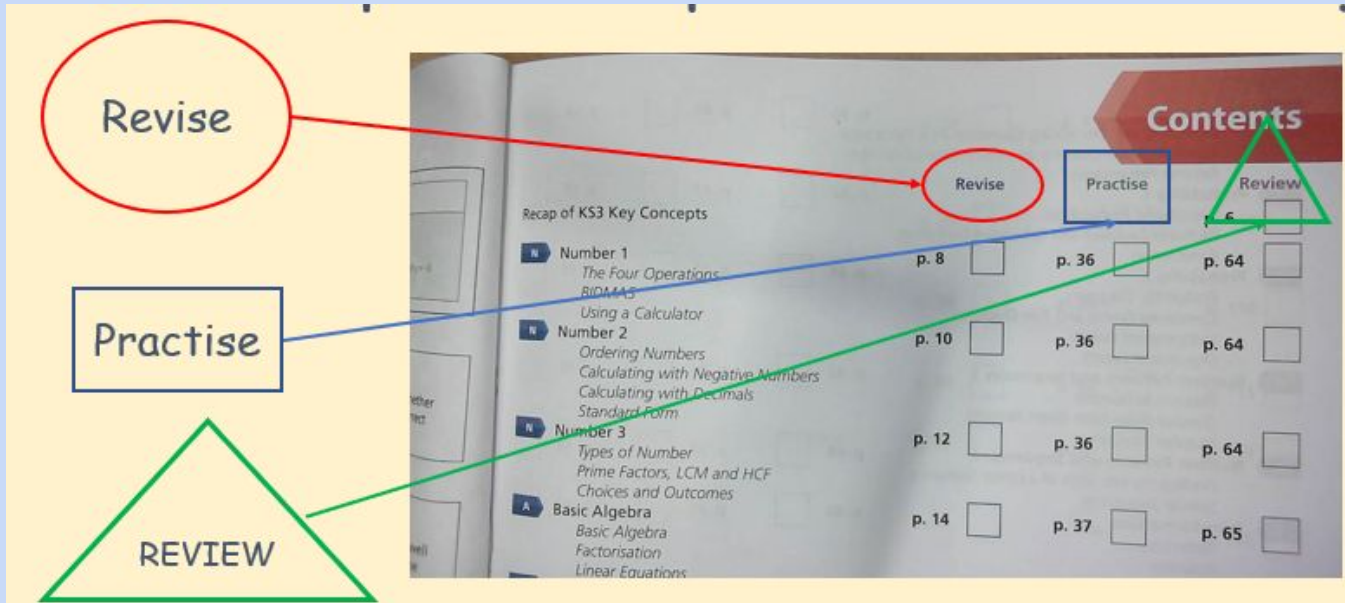
Clip	Title
96	Straight Line Graphs
98	Drawing Quadratic Graphs

Going old school !

		Contents		
		Revise	Practise	Review
Recap of KS3 Key Concepts				p. 6 <input type="checkbox"/>
N	Number 1 <i>The Four Operations</i> <i>BIDMAS</i> <i>Using a Calculator</i>	p. 8 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 36 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 64 <input type="checkbox"/>
N	Number 2 <i>Ordering Numbers</i> <i>Calculating with Negative Numbers</i> <i>Calculating with Decimals</i> <i>Standard Form</i>	p. 10 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 36 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 64 <input type="checkbox"/>
N	Number 3 <i>Types of Number</i> <i>Prime Factors, LCM and HCF</i> <i>Choices and Outcomes</i>	p. 12 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 36 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 64 <input type="checkbox"/>
A	Basic Algebra <i>Basic Algebra</i> <i>Factorisation</i> <i>Linear Equations</i>	p. 14 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 37 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 65 <input type="checkbox"/>

Contents Page

The topics are split into three categories:



The diagram illustrates the three categories of topics from the 'Contents' page:

- Revise** (indicated by a red circle and arrow pointing to the 'Revise' column)
- Practise** (indicated by a blue box and arrow pointing to the 'Practise' column)
- REVIEW** (indicated by a green triangle and arrow pointing to the 'Review' column)

	Revise	Practise	Review
Recap of KS3 Key Concepts			
N Number 1 The Four Operations BIDMAS Using a Calculator	p. 8 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 36 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 64 <input type="checkbox"/>
N Number 2 Ordering Numbers Calculating with Negative Numbers Calculating with Decimals Standard Form	p. 10 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 36 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 64 <input type="checkbox"/>
N Number 3 Types of Number Prime Factors, LCM and HCF Choices and Outcomes	p. 12 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 36 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 64 <input type="checkbox"/>
A Basic Algebra Basic Algebra Factorisation Linear Equations	p. 14 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 37 <input type="checkbox"/>	p. 65 <input type="checkbox"/>

How to answer maths questions!

18 A triangle has sides of length 14.1 cm, 14.8 cm and 19.5 cm.

Is this a right-angled triangle?
Show how you decide.

How to answer maths questions!

18 A triangle has sides of length 14.1 cm, 14.8 cm and 19.5 cm.

Is this a right-angled triangle?

Show how you decide.

Highlight the question (it will normally have the question mark but not always)

How to answer maths questions!

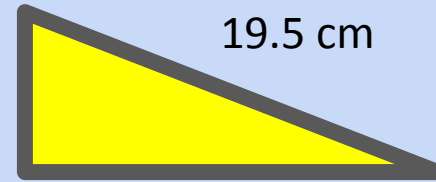
18 A triangle has sides of length 14.1 cm, 14.8 cm and 19.5 cm.

Is this a right-angled triangle?
Show how you decide.

Underline the important information - mathematical words and the numbers.

How to answer maths questions!

14.1 cm



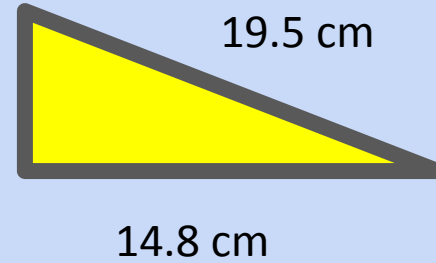
14.8 cm

- 18** A triangle has sides of length 14.1 cm, 14.8 cm and 19.5 cm.
Is this a right-angled triangle?
Show how you decide.

If it is tricky then draw a picky!! Showing in a different way may help you solve the problem.

How to answer maths questions!

14.1 cm



19.5 cm

14.8 cm

18 A triangle has sides of length 14.1 cm, 14.8 cm and 19.5 cm.

Is this a right-angled triangle?
Show how you decide.

If unsure do something with the numbers - it is a maths exam!

The best way to get better at maths is by doing maths!

Please take an
information sheet on your
way out